

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Acar, F. P. (2016). The effects of top management team composition on SME export performance: an upper echelons perspective. *Central European Journal of Operations Research*, 24, 833–852.
- Adams, R. B., Almeida, H., & Ferreira, D. (2005). Powerful CEOs and their impact on corporate performance. *The Review of Financial Studies*, 18(4), 1403–1432.
- Ahmad, G. N., Prasetyo, M. R. P., Buchdadi, A. D., Suherman, Widyastuti, U., & Kurniawati, H. (2022). The Effect of CEO Characteristics on Firm Performance of Food and Beverage Companies in Indonesia, Malaysia and Singapore. *Quality - Access to Success*, 23(186), 111–122. <https://doi.org/10.47750/QAS/23.186.15>
- Ali, S., Naseem, M. A., Jiang, J., Rehman, R. U., Malik, F., & Ahmad, M. I. (2022). “How” and “When” CEO duality matter? Case of a developing economy. *SAGE Open*, 12(3), 21582440221116110.
- Alifah, S., & Harto, P. (2021). The Effect of CEO Power on Firm Performance Moderated by Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Disclosure (Empirical Evidence in Manufacturing Companies Listed on Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) For Period 2018-2020). *Diponegoro Journal of Accounting*, 11(1), 1–15.
- Al-Matari, E. M., Al-Swidi, A. K., & Fadzil, F. H. B. (2014). The measurements of firm performance’s dimensions. *Asian Journal of Finance & Accounting*, 6(1), 24.
- Amran, N. A., Yusof, M. M., Ishak, R., & Aripin, N. (2014). Do characteristics of CEO and chairman influence government-linked companies performance? *Procedia-Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 109, 799–803.
- Andersson, S. (2011). International entrepreneurship, born globals and the theory of effectuation. *Journal of Small Business and Enterprise Development*, 18(3), 627–643.

- Arifin, Z. (2005). Hubungan antara Corporate Governance dan variabel pengurang masalah agensi. *Jurnal Siasat Bisnis*, 1(10).
- Baloyi, S. L., & Ngwakwe, C. C. (2017). *Chief executive officer's gender and firm performance in the JSE SRI firms*.
- Banker, D. V, & Banker, K. (2017). Women in leadership: A scenario in Indian higher education sector. *Banker, DV & Banker, K,(2017), Women in Leadership: A Scenario in Indian Higher Education Sector, Riding the New Tides: Navigating the Future through Effective People Management*, 239–251.
- Barker III, V. L., & Mueller, G. C. (2002). CEO characteristics and firm R&D spending. *Management Science*, 48(6), 782–801.
- Bertrand, M., & Schoar, A. (2003). Managing with style: The effect of managers on firm policies. *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 118(4), 1169–1208.
- Bhagat, S., Bolton, B. J., & Subramanian, A. (2010). CEO education, CEO turnover, and firm performance. Available at SSRN 1670219.
- Brealey, R. A., Myers, S. C., & Allen, F. (2017). Principles of Corporate Finance. *McGraw-Hill Education*, 12th ed.
- Brown, R., & Sarma, N. (2007). CEO overconfidence, CEO dominance and corporate acquisitions. *Journal of Economics and Business*, 59(5), 358–379.
- Buchdadi, A. D., Suherman, S., Mahfirah, T. F., Usman, B., & Kurniawati, H. (2023). An assessment of female executives' influence on bank performance in Indonesia based on critical mass theory. *International Journal of Management*, 12(1), 26–43.
- Chiu, J., Chen, C.-H., Cheng, C.-C., & Hung, S.-C. (2021). Knowledge capital, CEO power, and firm value: Evidence from the IT industry. *The North American Journal of Economics and Finance*, 55, 101012.
- Chu, H.-L., Liu, N.-Y., & Chiu, S.-C. (2023). CEO power and CSR: the moderating role of CEO characteristics. *China Accounting and Finance Review*, 25(1), 101–121.
- Combs, J. G., Ketchen Jr, D. J., Perryman, A. A., & Donahue, M. S. (2007). The moderating effect of CEO power on the board composition–firm performance relationship. *Journal of Management Studies*, 44(8), 1299–1323.

- Cooper, D. R., & Schindler, P. S. (2014). *Business Research Methods* (Twelfth). McGraw-Hill/Irwin.
- Curea, M., Mironiuc, M., & Huian, M. C. (2022). Intangibles, firm performance, and CEO characteristics: Spotlight on the EU electricity and gas industry. *Sustainability*, *14*(15), 9195.
- Dada, A. O., & Ghazali, Z. (2016). The impact of capital structure on firm performance: Empirical evidence from Nigeria. *IOSR Journal of Economics and Finance*, *7*(04), 23–30.
- De Silva, R., & Banda, Y. K. W. (2022). Impact of CEO characteristics on capital structure: evidence from a frontier market. *Asian Journal of Business and Accounting*, *15*(1).
- Diks, J., Rodriguez, J. C., & Driessen, J. (2016). The impact of CEO characteristics on firm value. *Unpublished, University of Exeter. UK*, 1–108.
- Emestine, I. E., & Setyaningrum, D. (2019). CEO Characteristics and Firm Performance; Empirical Studies from ASEAN Countries. *2018 International Conference on Islamic Economics and Business (ICONIES 2018)*, 423–427.
- Erlim, K. W., & Juliana, R. (2017). Pengaruh Tingkat Edukasi dan Spesialisasi Pendidikan CEO terhadap Performa Perusahaan di Indonesia. *Jurnal Manajemen Maranatha*, *16*(2), 177–186.
- Faccio, M., Marchica, M.-T., & Mura, R. (2016). CEO gender, corporate risk-taking, and the efficiency of capital allocation. *Journal of Corporate Finance*, *39*, 193–209.
- Fatimah, D. (2019). Pengaruh board diversity terhadap manajemen laba. *Journal of Applied Accounting and Taxation*, *4*(2), 223–233.
- Félix, E. G. S., & David, D. S. T. (2019). Performance of family-owned firms: the impact of gender at the management level. *Journal of Family Business Management*, *9*(2), 228–250.
- Finkelstein. (1992). Power in top management teams: Dimensions, measurement, and validation. *Academy of Management*, *3*, 505–538.

- Fujianti, L. (2018). *Top management characteristics and company performance: An empirical analysis on public companies listed in the Indonesian stock exchange*.
- Gavious, I., Segev, E., & Yosef, R. (2012). Female directors and earnings management in high-technology firms. *Pacific Accounting Review*, 24(1), 4–32.
- Ghardallou, W. (2022). *Corporate Sustainability And Firm Performance: The Moderating Role Of CEO Education And Tenure*. *Sustainability*, 14 (6), 3513.
- Ghozali, I. (2016). *Aplikasi Analisis Multivariate dengan Program IBM SPSS 23*. Badan Penerbit Universitas Diponegoro.
- Gottesman, A., & Morey, M. R. (2006a). Does a better education make for better managers? An empirical examination of CEO educational quality and firm performance. *An Empirical Examination of CEO Educational Quality and Firm Performance (April 21, 2006)*. *Pace University Finance Research Paper*, 2004/03.
- Gottesman, A., & Morey, M. R. (2006b). Does a better education make for better managers? An empirical examination of CEO educational quality and firm performance. *An Empirical Examination of CEO Educational Quality and Firm Performance (April 21, 2006)*. *Pace University Finance Research Paper*, 2004/03.
- Graham, J. R., Harvey, C. R., & Puri, M. (2013). Managerial attitudes and corporate actions. *Journal of Financial Economics*, 109(1), 103–121.
- Gupta, G. K., Rani, S., & Kumar, R. (2016). *Analysis of management of supracondylar femur fracture by locking compression plate*. 218–222.
- Hamidlal, K. E., & Harymawan, I. (2021). Relationship between CEO Power and Firm Value: Evidence from Indonesian Non-Financial Companies. *Jurnal Dinamika Akuntansi Dan Bisnis*, 8(1), 15–26. <https://doi.org/10.24815/jdab.v8i1.17942>
- Han, S., Nanda, V. K., & Silveri, S. (2016). CEO power and firm performance under pressure. *Financial Management*, 45(2), 369–400.

- Horstmeyer, D. (2019). Beyond independence: *CEO* influence and the internal operations of the board. *Quarterly Journal of Finance*, 9(02), 1950006.
- Hsu, W.-T., Chen, H.-L., & Cheng, C.-Y. (2013). Internationalization and firm performance of SMEs: The moderating effects of *CEO* attributes. *Journal of World Business*, 48(1), 1–12.
- IBRAHIM, M. Y., & AHMAD, A. C. H. E. (2017). Physical Characteristics of the Chief Executive Officer and Firm Accounting and Market-Based Performance. *Asian Journal of Accounting & Governance*, 8.
- Ilham, M. (2018). PENGARUH DIMENSI KARAKTERISTIK CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (*CEO*) DAN GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (GCG) TERHADAP KINERJA KEUANGAN. *Jurnal Ilmiah Mahasiswa FEB*, 6(2).
- Jadiyappa, N., Jyothi, P., Sireesha, B., & Hickman, L. E. (2019). *CEO* gender, firm performance and agency costs: evidence from India. *Journal of Economic Studies*, 46(2), 482–495.
- Jensen, M. C. (1976). *Reflections on the State of Accounting Research and the Regulation of Accounting*.
- Jiraporn, P., Kim, J.-C., Kim, Y. S., & Kitsabunnarat, P. (2012). Capital structure and corporate governance quality: Evidence from the Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS). *International Review of Economics & Finance*, 22(1), 208–221.
- Kasmir. (2008). *Analisis Laporan Keuangan PT. Rajagrafindo Persada*.
- Kaur, R., & Singh, B. (2020). The Impact of *CEOs*' Characteristics on Corporate Leverage: Indian Scenario. *Vision*, 25(4), 428–438. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0972262920954596>
- Khan, W. A., & Vieito, J. P. (2013). *CEO* gender and firm performance. *Journal of Economics and Business*, 67, 55–66.
- Kılıç, M., & Kuzey, C. (2016). The effect of board gender diversity on firm performance: evidence from Turkey. *Gender in Management: An International Journal*, 31(7), 434–455.

- Kuo, H. C., Wang, L. H., & Lin, D. (2015). CEO traits, corporate performance, and financial leverage. *International Journal of Economics and Finance*, 7(1), 68–86.
- Lestari, M. D. (2018). Analisis Pengaruh Return On Asset (ROA), Current Ratio (CR), Return On Equity (ROE), dan Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) terhadap Harga Saham pada Perusahaan Food and Beverages di Bursa Efek Indonesia Periode 2014-2016. *Jurnal Simki Economic*, 2(8).
- Lever, J. (1976). Sex differences in the games children play. *Social Problems*, 23(4), 478–487.
- Li, T., Munir, Q., & Abd Karim, M. R. (2017). Nonlinear relationship between CEO power and capital structure: Evidence from China's listed SMEs. *International Review of Economics & Finance*, 47, 1–21.
- Lin, T.-J., Chien, C.-A., Chang, P.-Y., Chen, C.-W., Wang, P.-H., Shyu, T.-Y., Chou, C.-Y., Luo, S.-C., Guo, J.-I., & Chen, T.-F. (2013). A 0.48 V 0.57 nJ/pixel video-recording SoC in 65nm CMOS. *2013 IEEE International Solid-State Circuits Conference Digest of Technical Papers*, 158–159.
- Lindeman, T. (2019). CEO Characteristics and Firm Performance. *Indo American Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 3.
- Lindenberg, E. B., & Ross, S. A. (1981). Tobin's q ratio and industrial organization. *Journal of Business*, 1–32.
- Lu, E. L. T. (2013). Relevansi Gender terhadap Leadership Style dan Penerapan Result Control di Fakultas Bisnis Program Studi S-1 Universitas "X." *Calyptra*, 2(1), 1–10.
- Marietza, F. (2024). The impact of CEO Power on Financial Performance Moderated by CSR. *Jurnal Ekonomi*, 13(01), 36–48.
- Marinova, J., Plantenga, J., & Remery, C. (2016a). Gender diversity and firm performance: Evidence from Dutch and Danish boardrooms. *The International Journal of Human Resource Management*, 27(15), 1777–1790.
- Marinova, J., Plantenga, J., & Remery, C. (2016b). Gender diversity and firm performance: Evidence from Dutch and Danish boardrooms. *The International Journal of Human Resource Management*, 27(15), 1777–1790.

- Minh Ha, N., Ha, T. T. M., & Vuong, P. M. (2021). The effect of *CEO* characteristics on financial leverage: findings from listed companies in Vietnam. *Cogent Business & Management*, 8(1), 2002129.
- Minh Ha, N., Tuan Anh, P., Yue, X.-G., & Hoang Phi Nam, N. (2021). The impact of tax avoidance on the value of listed firms in Vietnam. *Cogent Business & Management*, 8(1), 1930870.
- Mohd, K. N. T., Latif, R. A., Kamardin, H., & Che, N. (2016). The effect of busy directors, *CEO* duality and ownership on firm performance. *International Information Institute (Tokyo). Information*, 19(8), 3149–3154.
- Nakavachara, V. (2020). *CEOs* and graduate business education. *Journal of Education for Business*, 95(2), 73–80.
- Naseem, M. A., Lin, J., ur Rehman, R., Ahmad, M. I., & Ali, R. (2019). Does capital structure mediate the link between *CEO* characteristics and firm performance? *Management Decision*, 58(1), 164–181.
- Nawir, M., & Risfaisal, R. (2015). Subordinasi Anak Perempuan Dalam Keluarga. *Equilibrium: Jurnal Pendidikan*, 3(1).
- Ofe, H. A. (2012). *Chief Executive Officer's (CEO's) educational background and firm performance: An empirical study on Manufacturing and IT listed firms in the Stockholm Stock Exchange*.
- Orens, R., & Reheul, A.-M. (2013). Do *CEO* demographics explain cash holdings in SMEs? *European Management Journal*, 31(6), 549–563.
- Peiró, J. M., & Meliá, J. L. (2003). Formal and informal interpersonal power in organisations: Testing a bifactorial model of power in role-sets. *Applied Psychology*, 52(1), 14–35.
- Peni, E. (2014a). *CEO* and Chairperson characteristics and firm performance. *Journal of Management & Governance*, 18, 185–205.
- Peni, E. (2014b). *CEO* and Chairperson characteristics and firm performance. *Journal of Management & Governance*, 18, 185–205.
- Peni, E., & Vähämaa, S. (2010). Female executives and earnings management. *Managerial Finance*, 36(7), 629–645.

- Pham, D., & Pham, Q. (2020). The impact of *CEO* duality on firm performance: Examining the life-cycle theory in Vietnam. *Accounting*, 6(5), 737–747.
- Rakhmayil, S., & Yuce, A. (2009). Do *CEO* qualifications affect capital structure? *The Journal of Applied Business and Economics*, 9(2), 76.
- Ramadhani, Z. I., & Adhariani, D. (2015). Pengaruh keberagaman gender terhadap kinerja keuangan perusahaan dan efisiensi investasi. *SNA XVII Lombok*.
- Saidu, S. (2019). *CEO* characteristics and firm performance: focus on origin, education and ownership. *Journal of Global Entrepreneurship Research*, 9(1), 29.
- Santos, J. B., & Brito, L. A. L. (2012). Toward a subjective measurement model for firm performance. *BAR-Brazilian Administration Review*, 9, 95–117.
- Saputri, M. S. (2021). Pengaruh jenis kelamin, usia dan *tenure CEO* (Chief Executive Officers) terhadap praktik manajemen laba. *Jurnal Akuntansi AKUNESA*, 10(1), 81–91.
- Serfling, M. A. (2014). *CEO* age and the riskiness of corporate policies. *Journal of Corporate Finance*, 25, 251–273.
- Setiawan, R., & Gestanti, L. (2018). *CEO* Education, Karakteristik Perusahaan Dan Kinerja Perusahaan. *MAGISTRA Jurnal Ilmu Manajemen (Online)*, 2(2), 101–109.
- Setiawan, R., & Gestanti, L. (2019). Usia *CEO* dan kinerja perusahaan. *JUIMA: JURNAL ILMU MANAJEMEN*, 9(1), 1–4.
- Setiawan, R., & Navianti, D. R. (2020a). *CEO* Gender and Firm Debt Policy: An Empirical Study in Indonesia. *Proceedings of the 3rd Global Conference On Business, Management, and Entrepreneurship (GCBME 2018)*, 93–95. <https://doi.org/10.2991/aebmr.k.200131.020>
- Setiawan, R., & Navianti, D. R. (2020b). *CEO* Gender and Firm Debt Policy: An Empirical Study in Indonesia. *3rd Global Conference On Business, Management, and Entrepreneurship (GCBME 2018)*, 93–95.
- Shrestha, N. (2020). Detecting multicollinearity in regression analysis. *American Journal of Applied Mathematics and Statistics*, 8(2), 39–42.

- Sudana, I. M., & Dwiputri, E. (2018a). Karakteristik *CEO* Dan Kinerja Perusahaan Non-Keuangan Yang Teraftar Di Bursa Efek Indonesia. *Jurnal Manajemen Dan Bisnis Indonesia*, 5(3), 299–314.
- Sudana, I. M., & Dwiputri, E. (2018b). Karakteristik *CEO* dan Kinerja Perusahaan Non-Keuangan Yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia. *Jurnal Manajemen Bisnis Indonesia*, 5(3), 299–314. <https://doi.org/10.31843/jmbi.v5i3.169>
- Suharti, R. (1995). Gender dan permasalahannya. *Buletin Psikologi*, 3(1), 44–50.
- Suherman, S., Mahfirah, T. F., Usman, B., Kurniawati, H., & Kurnianti, D. (2023). *CEO* characteristics and firm performance: evidence from a Southeast Asian country. *Corporate Governance: The International Journal of Business in Society*.
- Suherman, S., Usman, B., Mahfirah, T. F., & Vesta, R. (2021). Do female executives and *CEO tenure* matter for corporate cash holdings? Insight from a Southeast Asian country. *Corporate Governance: The International Journal of Business in Society*, 21(5), 939–960.
- Theng, W. Y., & Hooy, C.-W. (2017). Effect of *CEO power* on Malaysian firm performance. *Journal of Contemporary Issues and Thought*, 7, 56–67.
- Tullah, N. A. J. (2017). Pengaruh Gender dan Latar Belakang Pendidikan *CEO* Terhadap Kinerja Keuangan Perusahaan Go Publik yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia. *Jurnal Akuntansi AKUNESA*, 6(1), 1–20.
- Veprauskaitė, E., & Adams, M. (2013). Do powerful chief executives influence the financial performance of UK firms? *The British Accounting Review*, 45(3), 229–241.
- Vo, D. H., & Nguyen, T. M. (2014). The Impact of Corporate Governance on Firm Performance: Empirical Study in Vietnam. *International Journal of Economics and Finance*, 6(6), 1–13. <https://doi.org/10.5539/ijef.v6n6p1>
- Wijethilake, C., & Ekanayake, A. (2020). *CEO* duality and firm performance: the moderating roles of *CEO* informal power and board involvements. *Social Responsibility Journal*, 16(8), 1453–1474.

- Wu, S., Quan, X., & Xu, L. (2011). *CEO power, disclosure quality and the variability of firm performance: Evidence from China. Nankai Business Review International, 2(1), 79–97.*
- Ying, C. H., & Mei, Y. C. (2014). *CEO education and firm performance: Evidence from Hong Kong. Kong Baptist University, Hong.*

