

ABSTRAK

Eka Fajar Rahayu, 8215132758, Pengaruh *Risk Profile*, *Corporate Governance*, *Earning* dan *Capital* Terhadap Nilai Perusahaan Perbankan Yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia 2012-2016, Program Studi S1 Manajemen, Universitas Negeri Jakarta, 2017.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji secara empiris pengaruh *risk profile*, *corporate governance*, *earning* dan *capital* terhadap nilai perusahaan perbankan yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia 2012-2016. Penelitian ini menggunakan *purposive sampling* sehingga menghasilkan sampel sebanyak 20 perusahaan. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah regresi data panel dengan menggunakan *Random Effects Model*. Variabel nilai perusahaan menggunakan *Price to Book Value* (PBV), *risk profile* menggunakan pengukuran *Non Performing Loan* (NPL), *corporate governance* menggunakan pengukuran Ukuran Dewan Direksi, Ukuran Dewan Komisaris, dan Komite Audit, *earning* menggunakan pengukuran *Return On Equity* (ROE), dan *capital* menggunakan pengukuran *Capital Adequacy Ratio* (CAR). Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa Ukuran Dewan Direksi dan ROE berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap nilai perusahaan, dan NPL, Ukuran Dewan Komisaris, Komite Audit, dan CAR tidak berpengaruh terhadap nilai perusahaan.

Kata Kunci: Nilai Perusahaan, PBV, NPL, *Corporate Governance*, ROE, CAR

ABSTRACT

Eka Fajar Rahayu, 8215132758, The Influence Of Risk Profile, Corporate Governance, Earning, and Capital To Corporate Value On Banking Industry That Listed In Indonesia Stock Exchange 2012-2016, Study Program of S1 Management, State University of Jakarta, 2017.

The purpose of this study is to test empirically the influence of risk profile, corporate governance, earning and capital to corporate value on banking industry that listed in Indonesia Stock Exchange 2012-2016. This study uses purposive sampling that produce a sample of 20 companies. The research method used the panel data regression using Random Effects Model. The dependent variabel is firm value using Price to Book Value (PBV), risk profile using Non Performing Loan (NPL), corporate governance using Board of Directors Size, Board of Commissioners Size, and Audit Committee, Earning using Return On Equity (ROE), and Capital using Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR). The results showed that Board of Directors Size and ROE has a positive significant effect on firm value, and NPL, Board of Commissioners Size, Audit Committee, and CAR it has no effect on firm value.

Keywords : Firm Value, PBV, NPL, Corporate Governance, ROE, CAR